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TOPICAL HAZARD EVALUATION PROGRAM OF CANDIDATE INSECT REPELLENT--ETC(U)
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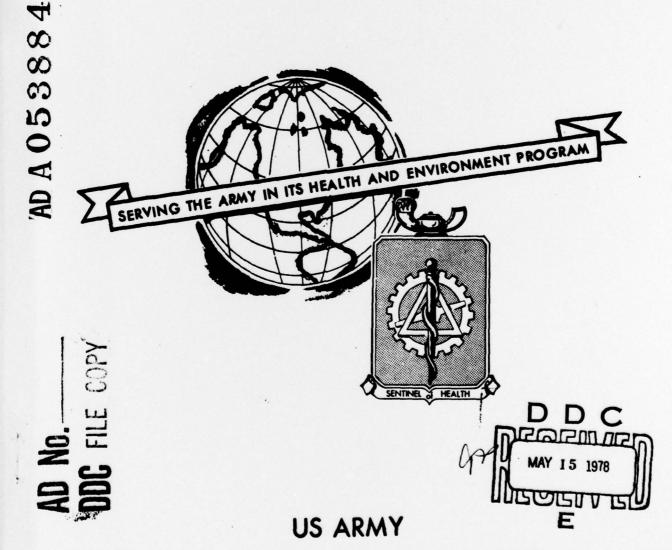
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TOPICAL HAZARD EVALUATION PROGRAM
OF CANDIDATE INSECT REPELLENT AI3-35966
CIS-3-HEXENYL ISOVALERATE
STUDY NO. 51-0860-78
MARCH 1976 - NOVEMBER 1977



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ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE AGENCY ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MD 21010

Final rept. Mar 76-UNCLASSIFIED SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Date Entered) Nov 77 REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE BEFORE COMPLETING FORM CATALOG NUMBER 51-0860-78 A. TITLE (and Subally Topical Hazard Evaluation Program of TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED Candidate Insect Repellent AI3-35966, Cis-3-Hexeny Final Mar 76 - Nov 77 Isovalerate, State 10869 75; March 1976 -6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER November 1977. 51-0860-78 CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(*) AUTHOR(a) MAURICE H. WEEKS BRENDA J./DeSENA PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS US Army Environmental Hygiene Agency Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010 11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS Commander Mar 76 - Nov 77 US Army Health Services Command 13. NUMBER OF PAGES Fort Sam Houston, TX 78234 14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(If different from Controlling Office) 15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) Unclassified 15a. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING 16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report) Approved for public release; distribution unlimited. 17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different from Report) 18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES 19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)
Cis-3-Hexenyl Isovalerate skin irritation skin irritation AI3-35966 eye irritation Candidate Insect Repellent Topical Hazard Evaluation 20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse obtain insect repellent AI3-35966 was performed by means of laboratory studies using rats, rabbits and guinea pigs. The technical grade compound caused mild skin irritation, but no eye irritation, no photochemical irritation in rabbits, no sensitization reactions in guinea pigs and did not demonstrate an acute ingestion hazard. It is recommended that AI3-35966, cis-3-hexenyl isovalerate be approved for further testing as a candidate insect repellent.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

Mr. Weeks/ag/584-3980

U.S. ARMY ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE AGENCY
ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MARYLAND 21010

HSE-LT-T/WP

1 2 MAY 1978

SUBJECT:

Topical Hazard Evaluation Program of Candidate Insect Repellent AI3-35966, Cis-3-Hexenyl Isovalerate, Study No. 51-0860-78, March

1976 - November 1977

Executive Secretary
Armed Forces Pest Control Board
Forest Glen Section, WRAMC
Washington, DC 20012

A summary of the pertinent findings and recommendations of the inclosed report follows:

A hazard evaluation of candidate insect repellent AI3-35966 was performed by means of laboratory studies using rats, rabbits, and guinea pigs. The technical grade compound caused mild skin irritation, but no eye irritation, no photochemical irritation in rabbits, no sensitization reactions in guinea pigs and did not demonstrate an acute ingestion hazard. It is recommended that AI3-35966, cis-3-hexenyl isovalerate be approved for further testings as a candidate insect repellent.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

1 Incl as (5 cy)

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AVAILABILITY CODES
WAH and/or SPECIAL
AVAH. and/or SPECIAL
AVAHL END/OF SPECIAL



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY U.S. ARMY ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE AGENCY ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MARYLAND 21010

HSE-LT-T/WP

TOPICAL HAZARD EVALUATION PROGRAM
OF CANDIDATE INSECT REPELLENT AI3-35966
CIS-3-HEXENYL ISOVALERATE
STUDY NO. 51-0860-78
MARCH 1976 - NOVEMBER 1977

1. AUTHORITY.

- a. Letter, US Department of Agriculture Agricultural Research Service, Southern Region, Insects Affecting Man Research Laboratory, Gainesville, Florida. 11 March 1976.
- b. Memorandum of Understanding between the Department of the Army, Office of The Surgeon General; the US Army Health Services Command; the US Army Environmental Hygiene Agency; the Armed Forces Pest Control Board; and the US Department of Agriculture; effective 1970 with Amendment No. 1, effective August 1974.
- 2. REFERENCE. Toxicology Division Procedural Guide, US Army Environmental Hygiene Agency (USAEHA), 1972, revised 1976.
- 3. PURPOSE. The purpose of this program is to provide guidance for further entomological testing of the candidate insect repellent AI3-35966.
- 4. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS. A hazard evaluation of the candidate insect repellent AI3-35966 (cis-3-hexenyl isovalerate) was conducted by this Agency using New Zealand White rabbits for skin and eye studies, Hartley guinea pigs for a skin sensitization study and Sprague-Dawley rats for determination of oral toxicity. A tabular presentation of animal toxicity data developed in this Agency follows.*†

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^{*} In conducting the studies described in this report, the investigators adhered to the "Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals," US Department of Health, Education and Welfare Publication No. (NIH) 74-23, revised 1972 - second printing 1974.

t The experiments reported herein were performed in animal facilities fully accredited by the American Association for Accreditation of Laboratory Animal Care.

Results Test Interpretation SKIN IRRITATION STUDIES Rabbits Single 24-hour application Compound AI3-35966 USAEHA Category II produced mild primary irritation of the to intact and abraded (ref Appendix). of New Zealand White rabbits. intact skin and the skin surrounding an abrasion. 0.5 ml technical grade compound applied to each of six rabbits. EYE IRRITATION STUDIES Rabbits Single 24-hour application of Compound AI3-35966 did USAEHA Category A not produce any injury 0.1 ml technical grade com-(ref Appendix). pound to one eye of each of to the cornea and no injury to the conjuncsix New Zealand White rabbits. tiva in six out of six rabbits. APPROXIMATE LETHAL DOSE (ALD) Oral Rats (male) - no diluent ALD >4900 mg/kg Presents little lethal hazard from acute

accidental ingestion.

Test

Results

Interpretation

PHOTOCHEMICAL SKIN IRRITATION STUDIES

Rabbits

A single application (0.05 ml) of a 25 percent (w/v) solution of the compound (AI3-35966) and of a 10 percent (w/v) oil of Bergamot solution (positive control) in 95 percent ethyl alcohol, were applied to the intact skin of six rabbits. Five minutes after application, the rabbits were exposed to UV light (365 nm) for 30 minutes at a distance of 10-15 cm.

A 25 percent solution of AI3-35966 in ethanol did not cause a photochemical skin irritation reaction under test conditions. Ethanol solutions caused a very slight erythema reaction on both non-UV and UV skin sites.

Positive control application and irradiation caused greater irritant effects than in unirradiated skin areas.

Compound AI3-35966
did not cause a photochemical irritation
reaction under test
conditions and is not
expected to cause
a photochemical
irritation in humans.
Ethanol solutions of
this compound may cause
a slight skin reaction
in sensitive individuals.

Control

Following UV exposures of the rabbits, 0.05 ml of test compound, positive control and diluent were applied to additional skin areas to serve as unirradiated control sites. Application areas were checked for skin irritation reactions at 24, 48 and 72 hours.

Test

Results

Interpretation

SENSITIZATION STUDIES

Guinea Pigs (Male)

Intradermal injections of 0.1 ml of a 0.1 percent suspension (w/v) of AI3-35966 or of dinitrochlorobenzene (DNCB)* in a mixture containing 1 volume of propylene glycol and 29 volumes of saline.

Ten test guinea pigs received and challenged with a 0.1 percent solution of AI3-35966.

Ten positive control guinea pigs received and challenged with 0.1 percent suspension of DNCB.

Challenge dose of test compound (last intradermal injection) did not produce a sensitization reaction.

Positive Control (DNCB) produced a marked sensitization reaction in 10 out of 10 guinea pigs.

Compound AI3-35966 did not produce a sensitization reaction under these test conditions and is not expected to produce a sensitization reaction in man.

^{*} A known skin sensitizer.

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- 5. CONCLUSION. The candidate insect repellent AI3-35966, has a potential for causing some slight skin irritation, but presents no acute hazard from eye or photochemical or sensitization contact or from acute ingestion.
- 6. RECOMMENDATION. Under the provision of the Memorandum of Understanding (paragraph 1b), it is recommended that AI3-35966, cis-3-hexenyl isovalerate be approved for further testing as a candidate insect repellent. The compound should be used with caution around abrasions of the skin.

Chief, Toxicity Evaluation Branch Toxicology Division

BRENDA J. DeSENA

Veterinary Specialist Toxicology Division

APPROVED:

ARTHUR H. MCCREESH Chief, Toxicology Division

APPENDIX

TOPICAL HAZARD EVALUATION PROGRAM DEFINITIONS OF CATEGORIES OF COMPOUNDS BEING CONSIDERED FOR ACUTE SKIN APPLICATION

CATEGORY I - Compounds producing no primary irritation of the intact skin or no greater than mild primary irritation of the skin surrounding an abrasion. (INTERPRETATION: No restriction for acute application to the human skin.)

CATEGORY II - Compounds producing mild primary irritation of the intact skin and the skin surrounding an abrasion. (INTERPRETATION: Should be used only on human skin found by examination to have no abrasions or may be used as a clothing impregnant.)

CATEGORY III - Compounds producing moderate primary irritation of the intact skin and the skin surrounding an abrasion. (INTERPRETATION: Should not be used directly on the skin without a prophetic patch test having been conducted on humans to determine irritation potential to human skin. May be used without patch testing, with extreme caution, as clothing impregnants. Compound should be resubmitted in the form and at the intended use concentration so that its irritation potential can be reexamined using other test techniques on animals.)

<u>CATEGORY IV</u> -- Compounds producing moderate to severe primary irritation of the intact skin and of the skin surrounding an abrasion and, in addition, producing necrosis, vesiculation and/or eschars. (INTERPRETATION: Should be resubmitted for testing in the form and at the intended use concentration. Upon resubmission, its irritation potential will be reexamined using other test techniques on animals. prior to possible prophetic patch testing in humans, at concentrations which have been shown not to produce primary irritation in animals.)

CATEGORY V - Compounds impossible to classify because of staining of the skin or other masking effects owing to physical properties of the compound. (INTERPRETATION: Not suitable for use on humans.)

EYE CATEGORIES:

- A. <u>Compounds noninjurious to the eye</u>. INTERPRETATION: Irritation of human eyes is not expected if the compound should accidentally get into the eyes, provided it is washed out as soon as possible.
- B. Compounds producing mild injury to the cornea. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with caution around the eyes.
- C. Compounds producing mild injury to the cornea, and in addition some injury to the conjunctiva. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with caution around the eyes and mucosa.

- D. Compounds producing moderate injury to the cornea. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with extreme caution around the eyes.
- E. Compounds producing moderate injury to the cornea, and in addition producing some injury to the conjunctiva. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with extreme caution around the eyes and mucosa.
- F. Compounds producing severe injury to the cornea and to the conjunctiva. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with extreme caution. It is recommended that use be restricted to areas other than the face.